Glossary

XXto come: definitionsXX

1st person:
2nd person:
3rd person:
adjective
affix. A suffix or a prefix
affricate
allomorph
allophone
alveolar
animate
argument
argument structure
article
article: a determiner
aspect
assimilation
auxiliary verb
blocking
category
clause
cognate These words are cognates of each other, that is, each pair represents the development of a single word with a particular meaning in two different languages which diverged from a single source.
comparative
complementizer
compositional:
compounds, words made up of two words in combination
conjunction
consonant
content words
contractions, squeezed-together versions of two real words,
coronal
deixis
demonstrative
determiner
determiner
digraph
entailment
epenthetic, epenthesis
foot A phonological unit made up of one or more syllables, one of which bears a strong stress and the others of which do not.
fricative
function words
Germanic languages
glide
homophone
homoseme
iamb: wS, apPEAR
iambic pentameter: poetry or prose written in lines consisting of five iambs: Shakespeare.
idiom
idiomatization
IPA
irregular
labial
larynx
liquid
listeme. A morpheme or group of morphemes which has a non-compositional meaning—that is, a meaning that must be memorized, rather than figured out by combining the meanings of its parts. See also idiom and sign
meronomy
metaphor
monomorphemic: made up of only one piece
morpheme
morphology
nasal
neologism

noun

noun phrase

obstruent Stop, affricate and fricative consonants involve a greater degree of obstruction of the oral cavity than liquids or glides; they are consequently called obstruents.

OED:
oral
orthography
palatal

parsing The process of analyzing the speech stream

part of speech

participle:

periphrastic, periphrasis

person:
phoneme
phonological word
phonological word
phonology
phonology

phrase

prefix. A morpheme attached to the beginning of a stem.

preposition

presupposition

productive:
Proto-Indo-European

Proto-Indo-European There was once a single language spoken by people living somewhere in Central Europe, the ancestor of nearly all the modern European languages, including English, and the ancestor of Hindi and other related languages on the Indian subcontinent.

quantifier

readjustment rule

regular

relation

relative clause
Romance languages

semantics
stem. A group of one or more morphemes, containing a root, to which another morpheme can be attached.
stop

suffix. A morpheme attached to the end of a stem.

superlative
syntax
taxonomy
tense
transitive (math)
transitive (syntax)
trochee: Sw, MOther
truth conditions
velar
verb
verb phrase
voice box
vowel